Tourism development in the Pacific: Regional perspectives and approaches

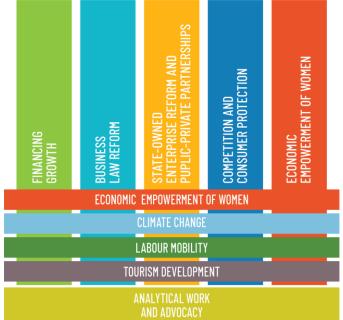
MAY 2023 – REGIONAL WORKSHOP ON TRADE IN SERVICES





Pacific Private Sector Development Initiative (PSDI)

- Established in 2006 as a regional technical assistance facility as a partnership between Australia and ADB.
- PSDI IV commenced on 1 January 2020 with cofinancing from ADB, Australia, and New Zealand.
- PSDI provides technical, advisory and capacity building assistance to help improve business environments to support inclusive, private sectorled economic growth.
- PSDI is actively working to support the Pacific's recovery from the impacts of COVID-19.







PSDI'S APPROACH TO SUPPORTING PACIFIC TOURISM:

DEVELOPING A SUSTAINABLE, PRIVATE SECTOR-LED TOURISM SECTOR







Increasing access to finance for tourism businesses, and seeking to strengthen bonds between tourism projects, lenders and investors, and green/blue financing instruments.







The economic empowerment of women is mainstreamed throughout all of PSDI's tourism program activities.

OVERCOMING THE IMPACTS OF COVID-19

ASSESSING THE IMPACTS OF COVID-19

COVID-19 has been devastating for many of the Asian Development Bank's (ADB) 14 Pacific developing member countries, particularly the most tourism-dependent.



Post-COVID-19, Pacific countries could benefit from a regional, collaborative approach to tourism which prizes cooperation and resource sharing over competition for arrivals.

REGIONAL APPROACH

TO RECOVERY



PUBLICATIONS ...

PSDI also believes the tourism sector post-COVID-19 can lead Pacific sustainability initiatives, including on energy, water, and climate proofing, to better cater for travelers while mitigating tourism's environmental effects.

SECTOR

SUSTAINABILITY

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PSDI has published two reports exploring the impact of COVID-19 on Pacific tourism, and looking ahead to the resumption of travel:

LOOKING FORWARD VOL. 1: EVALUATING THE CHALLENGES FOR PACIFIC TOURISM AFTER COVID-19 (2021)

REOPENING BORDERS TO TOURISM IN PACIFIC ISLAND COUNTRIES: KEY LESSONS AND GUIDANCE (2022)

PSDI in 2021 also published tourism sector snapshots for each of the ADB's 14 Pacific developing member countries.

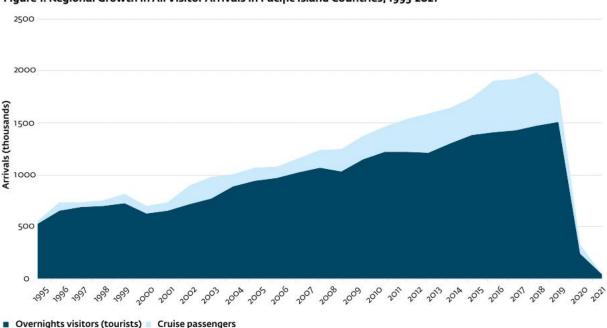


A technical assistance program delivered in





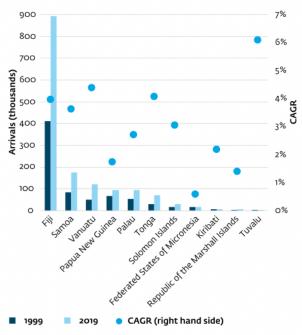
World Bank. 2023. The Future of Pacific Tourism report



Source: UNWTO 2022b; FSM Statistics 2022; PVA 2021; PNG TPA 2022; Solomon Islands NSO 2022; STA 2022; Tonga Statistics Department 2022.

Figure 1. Regional Growth in All Visitor Arrivals in Pacific Island Countries, 1995-2021

Figure 2. Disaggregated Growth of International Overnight Visitor Arrivals in Pacific Island Countries, 1999–2019



Source: UNWTO 2022b; FSM Statistics 2022; PNG TPA 2022; STA 2022; Tonga Statistics Department 2022.





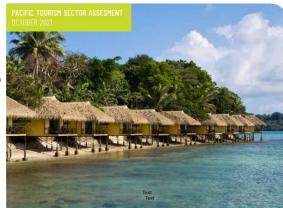
- Significant economic contribution to PICs overall, but growing dependency has increased vulnerability
- Back, but the strength of recovery is uneven
- PICs want to increase value from tourism and can compete in several high-value segments (e.g., luxury tourism, adventure tourism, diving, cultural tourism, long-stay tourism)





Pacific Challenges & Opportunities

- Before COVID-19: Shared advantages, shared challenges
- Challenges and costs of doing business in the Pacific
- Access to finance and/or labor
- Issues of connectivity, including intraregional
- Data fails to capture benefits and costs of tourism
- Spread of the benefit and inclusivity of tourism
- COVID-19 has presented new challenges for tourism
- Raised questions of resilience and diversification



LOOKING FORWARD VOL.1 EVALUATING THE CHALLENGES FOR PACIFIC TOURISM AFTER COVID-19





A technical assistance program undertaken in partnership with the Asian Development Bank, the Government of Australia and the Government of New Zealand





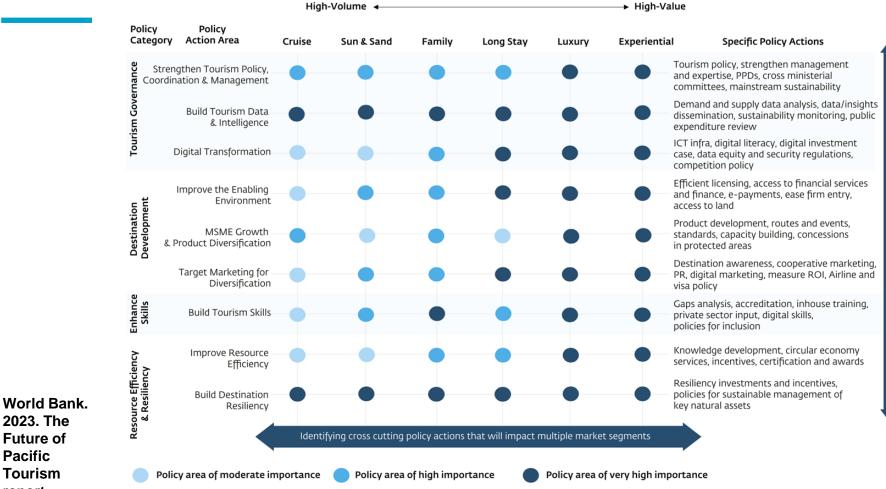
Pacific Challenges & Opportunities - Focus

- Available skills workforce ready vs trained
- Cross-cutting governance and coordination
- Enabling environment for tourism and services to tourism





TOURISM BEE PRIORITY CONSTRAINTS - THEMATIC AREAS & SUB-AREAS				
FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT	ACCESS TO FINANCE	VISA POLICY	LICENSES & PERMITS	DESTINATION PROMOTION
INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS INVESTMENT PROMOTION APPLICATION PROCESS BUSINESS REGISTRATION DOCUMENT DUPLICATION APPROVAL TIME FRAMES LAND TENURE & OWNERSHIP ALIENATED LAND	COLLATERAL LOAN CONDITIONS INNOVATIVE FINANCE REGULATORY FRAMEWORK GREEN & BLUE MECHANISMS CONSTRUCTION (PRE & DURING) NUMBER OF PERMITS DOCUMENT DUPLICATION APPROVAL TIME FRAMES	VISA PROCEDURES & PROCESSES VISA POLICIES INFRASTRUCTURE BASIC SERVICES - CONNECTIVITY PROCESSES ELECTRICITY, WATER, SANITATION AIR ACCESS RELIABILITY & COST OPEN SKY POLICIES SEA / PORT ACCESS RELIABILITY & COST ROAD CONNECTIVITY	DOCUMENT DUPLICATION APPROVAL TIME FRAMES RENEWAL FREQUENCY APPLICATION PROCESSES TOURISM GOVERNANCE TOURISM & OTHER RELATED LEGISLATION INTER-AGENCY COORDINATION PUBLIC PRIVATE DIALOGUE	MARKETING BUDGETS DESTINATION POSITIONING TOURISM ASSOCIATIONS MEMBERSHIP REQUIREMENTS INCLUSION SERVICE DELIVERY ACCREDITATION
LAND REGISTRIES SOCIAL LICENSE TO OPERATE LEASE / RENTAL TERMS	TAXATION TAX INCENTIVES (FDI & CRISIS) NUMBER OF TAXES & RELEVANCE DUTIES & LEVIES	DATA & INSIGHTS QUALITY & CONSISTENCY COVERAGE & ACCESSIBILITY DATA MANAGEMENT	CRISIS MANAGEMENT TOURISM STANDARDS COVERAGE & RELEVANCE GOVERNANCE	
SKILLED LABOUR Skill supply for tourism skill supply for support services & functions e.g., digital, statistics etc. working conditions talent BUSINESSES SUSTAINABILITY SUSTAINABILITY SUSTAINABILITY				
GREEN INCENTIVES	NATURAL & CULTURAL PROTECT	HERITAGE ASSET ESG	SUSTAINABLE TOURISM GOVERNANCE	GREEN HOUSE GAS EMISSIONS
DIGITALIZATION ONLINE REGISTRIES & APPLICATION PROCESSES ACCESS TO ICT INFRASTRUCTURE DIGITAL POLICIES DIGITAL DIVIDE GENDER DISAGGREGATED WAGE GAP PARTICIPATION & LEADERSHIP IN ENTREPRENEURSHIP / EMPLOYMENT ACCESS TO FINANCE CHILDCARE POLICIES GENDER BASED VIOLENCE				



2023. The

Future of Pacific Tourism

report

Note: Dark blue indicates critical areas of policy reform to stimulate and cater to demand from specific market segments, medium blue indicates important areas, and light blue indicates moderatly important areas.

What steps must be taken if we are to build back better?

- 1. Enabling sustainable, private sector led tourism
- 2. Building resilience
- 3. Improved data and evidence-based planning
- 4. Sustainability as the only way of doing business (not a campaign or a market segment)
- 5. A regional approach





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Vinaka



